



Impact summary

12/7/2026



Destination

Supports



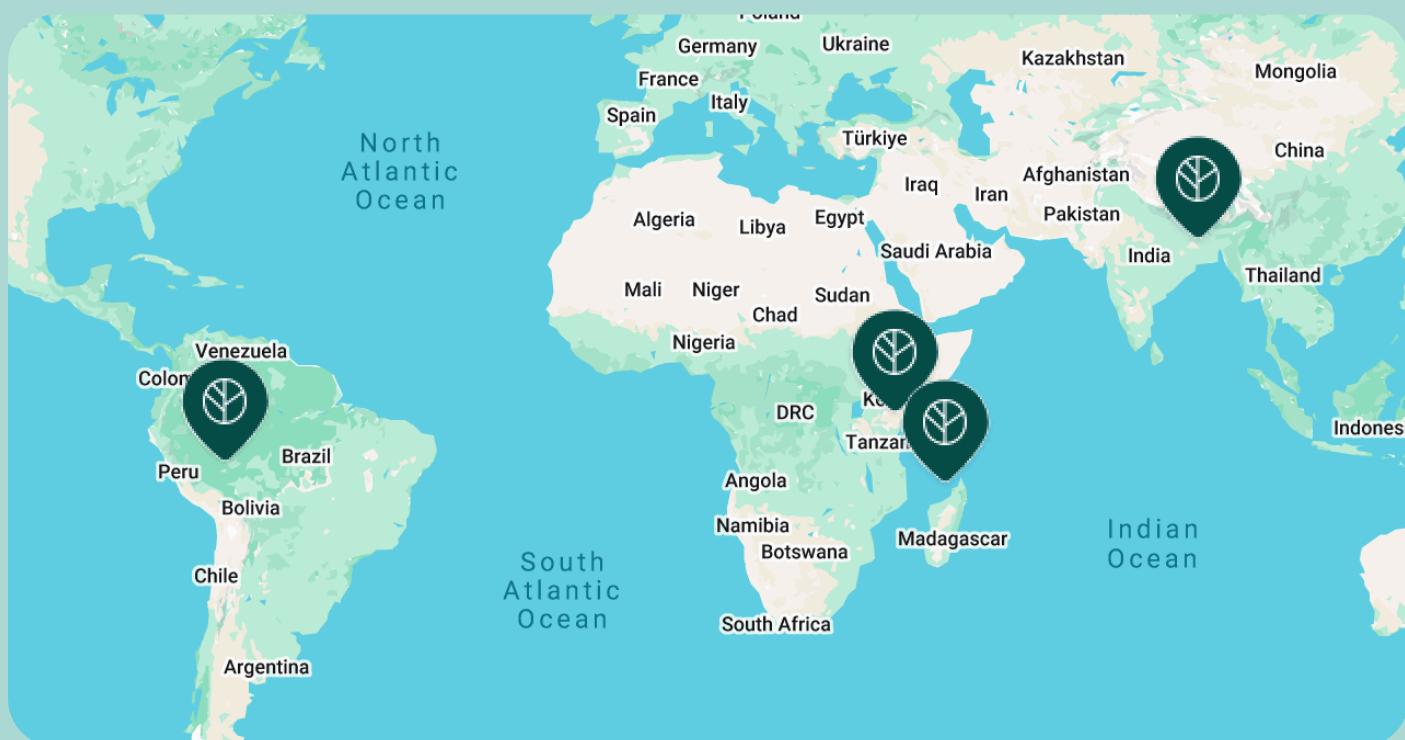
3935

trees planted



2482.44

tonnes of CO₂
absorbed during lifetime



Destination Unlimited is specialized in organizing events, conferences, and bespoke travel experiences for businesses worldwide.

Being in the business since 2000, we have established ourselves as experts in corporate sustainable event planning, offering tailored services to meet the unique needs of our clients.

Destination Unlimited is committed to building a more sustainable future. We integrate Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) 8, 9, 13, 15, and especially 17 into our practices by collaborating with like-minded partners. This includes supporting local initiatives that promote environmental and social responsibility, ultimately contributing to a greener and more equitable future.

For every guest we welcome at one of our events, a tree is planted with the goal of restoring nature.

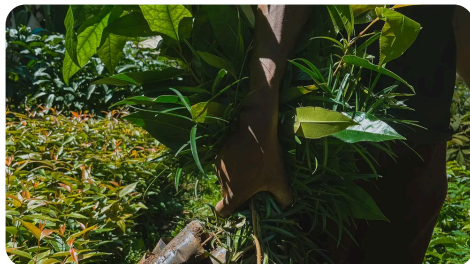
Projects we support



Agroforestry in the local villages, Western Usambara Mountains, Tanzania

 1380 trees planted

As part of our ongoing efforts to maximize the impact of our initiatives, we have decided to allocate 50% of the funds for Tanzania to reforestation efforts with native tree species, while the remaining 50% is allocated to supporting agroforestry tree planting within the local communities' farms. Agroforestry integrates trees and shrubs into agricultural landscapes, promoting sustainable farming practices that increase crop yields, improve soil health, and provide additional income sources for local farmers. By supporting both reforestation and agroforestry, we ensure a comprehensive approach that addresses environmental sustainability, food security, and economic development within the community. In the rainy season of November 2024, our local team and the local people of Nkondei village planted 2,258 fruit trees in the individual-owned farms in the Nkondei community.



Reforestation in Baltimori - Ex Maxi plot (Peru), 2024-2025

615 trees planted

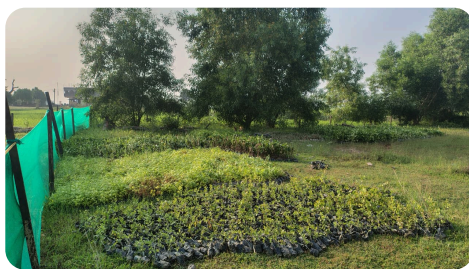
On a parcel known as Ex Maxi, spanning about 2.14 hectares, 18,658 trees were planted with the help of Go Forest clients. The land was previously deforested by its former owner for agricultural use, and was acquired by our technical partner in 2022. Reforestation efforts were largely carried out in 2024, with the last trees planted in early 2025, focusing specifically on the areas that had been cleared. This parcel features a high planting density and a strong presence of leguminous tree species, prized for their ability to produce nitrogen-rich organic matter, such as flemingia. Flemingia is a prolific producer of organic matter and mulch, and also contributes by fixing nitrogen, attracting pollinators with its flowers, and possibly even improving soil health through its anti-nematode properties. Ex Maxi also hosts a significant number of trees from the Calliandra genus, especially Calliandra angustifolia, known locally as bobinsana or qori sachá. This species is not only used medicinally in the Amazon, but is also valued by pollinators and serves as a useful tutor plant for supporting vine crops in agroforestry systems. In total, 13 different species have been planted on this parcel: Moena naranja, Cacao, Huasaí, Shihuahuaco, Huayo blanco, Metohuayo, Cinamillo, Tahuari negro, Charichuelo, Chemicua, Copaiba, Aceituna tropical, and Flemingia.



Agroforestry in Nemai Nagar (India), to be planted in 2026

970 trees planted

In the course of 2026, these agroforestry trees will be planted in Nemai Nagar village (Jhargram district, West Bengal). Once the planting has taken place, this section will be updated with the correct species & geolocation. The project focuses on working with smallholder households in selected districts of West Bengal, India, to plant and maintain primarily fruit-bearing trees through a participatory approach. Local community members are actively engaged throughout the process: gaining technical knowledge, operating local nurseries to produce saplings through grafting and seed propagation, carrying out sustained planting efforts, taking ownership of the trees, and ensuring their long-term survival.



Mangrove plantation in Majunga, to be planted in 2026

 970 trees planted

In the course of 2026, these mangroves will be planted in Majunga, Madagascar. Once the planting has taken place, this section will be updated with the correct species & geolocation. Mangrove species are planted according to the natural distribution, to ensure great adaptation and survival. We plant two different species: - *Ceriops Tagal* (*Ceriops*), also known as "Yellow mangrove" or "Spurred mangrove.". *Ceriops* is considered the female mangrove by the locals in Madagascar, due to its smaller propagules and less intricate roots. Depending on the area, this species is more or less spread, yet play a crucial role in the ecosystem. - *Rhizophora Mucronata* (*Rhizo*). *Rhizophora Mucronata* is a species of mangrove, commonly known as the "Red mangrove" or "Loop-root mangrove." One distinctive feature of *Rhizo* is its prop roots, which extend from the trunk and branches down into the mud or water.

